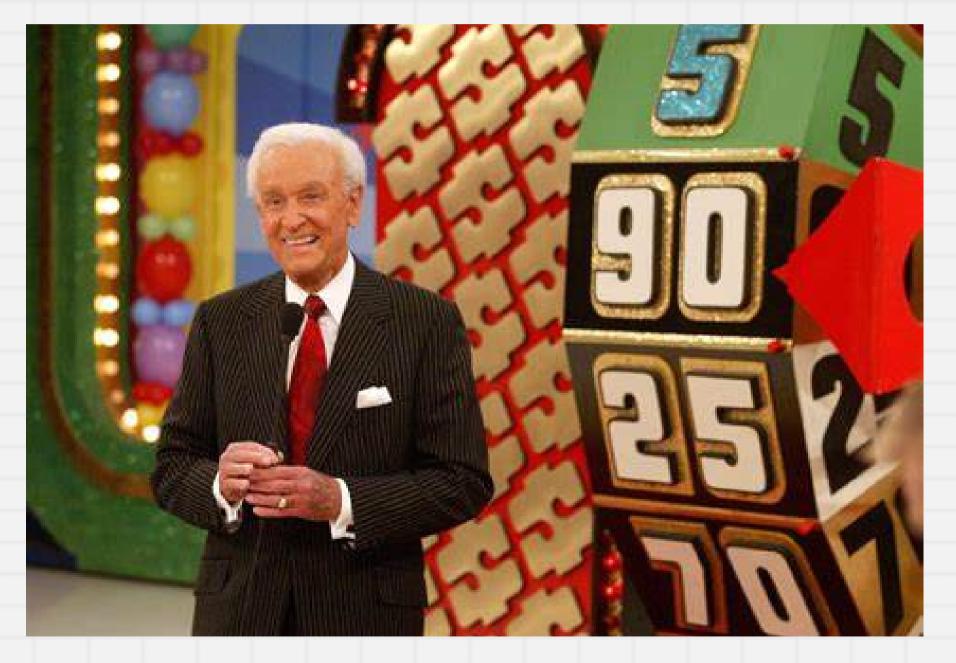
P.B.I.C.E. OBJECTIONS.



Pis for PRICE



- DON'T INTRODUCE PRICE TOO EARLY IN THE CONVERSATION
- PAUSE, AND ASK QUESTIONS ABOUT THEIR PRICE OBJECTION
- DON'T GIVE UP THE SALE BECAUSE YOUR
 QUOTE IS TOO HIGH IN PRICE
- WHAT VALUE DO YOU BRING TO YOUR NEW CLIENT
- SHARE CASE STUDIES



- YOU GET WHAT YOU PAY FOR
- RUNNING THE RISK OF BEING UNDERINSURED
- HOW MUCH COVERAGE DO YOU HAVE ON YOUR UMBRELLA?
- YOUR COMPANY WILL NOT PAY MORE THAN YOUR LIMITS
- COVER YOUR CLIENTS FOR THE CLAIM THEY COULD FACE

Ris for RISK





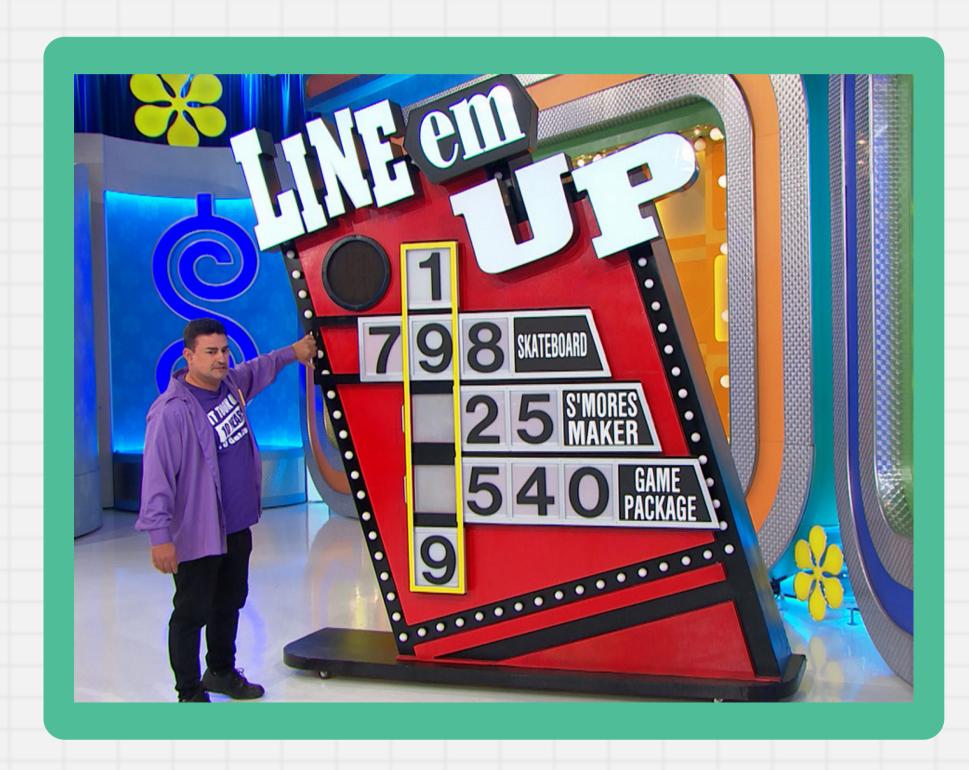
I is for ISOLATE the Objection+



- HEAR THE CONCERN-LISTEN
- OTHER THAN PRICE IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE KEEPING YOU FROM DOING BUSINESS WITH ME TODAY?
- PREPARE AND ATTEMPT TO OVERCOME THE OBJECTION 2-3 TIMES

C is for COVERAGES; Recommend

- PRICE OF THE COVERAGE DOESN'T MATTER IF YOU'RE UNDERINSURED
- YOU ARE THE ADVISOR
- WHAT ASSETS DO YOUR CLIENTS NEED TO COVER?
- HOW MUCH COVERAGE DO YOU HAVE ON YOUR UMBRELLA POLICY?
- DO THEY USE THEIR HOME OR VEHICLES FOR BUSINESS?





E is for EDUCATION





- EDUCATE YOUR CLIENTS ON WHAT THEY ARE BUYING
- GIVE QUICK DETAILS AND USE LAYMAN'S TERMS
- TELL A STORY OR EXPERIENCE YOU HAVE HAD THAT IS RELEVANT AND WILL HELP EDUCATE AND PAINT A PICTURE
- LIFE INSURANCE!

